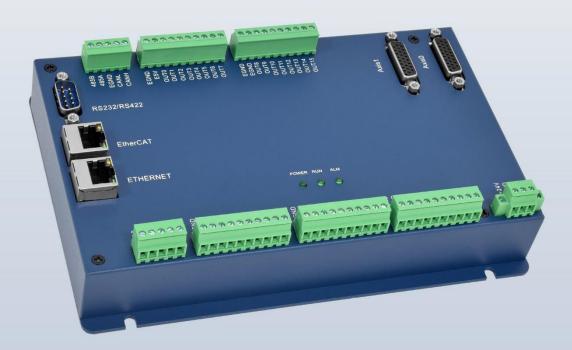


做更好用的运动控制,智造美好生活 Better Motion Control, Smarter Life

Network Motion Control Card

ECI3828



This manual is mainly for ECI3628, ECI3828.



Vision Motion Controller



Motion Controller



Motion Control Card



IO Expansion Module



HMI

Statement

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Notes

In order to prevent possible harm and damage caused by incorrect use of this product, the following instructions are given on matters that must be observed.

Danger

Do not use it in places with water, corrosive or flammable gases, or near	May cause
flammable substances.	electric
When installing or disassembling, make sure the product is powered off.	shock, fire,
Cables should be connected securely, and exposed parts that are	
energized must be insulated by insulators.	damage,
Wiring work must be performed by professionals.	etc.

Notes

It should be installed within the specified environmental range.	
Make sure there are no foreign objects on the product hardware circuit	May cause
board. After installation, the product and the mounting bracket should be tight	damage, mis-
and firm.	operation,
After installation, at least 2-3cm should be left between the product and etc. surrounding components for ventilation and replacement.	
Never disassemble, modify, or repair it by yourself.	

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Chapter I Production Information

1.1. Product Information

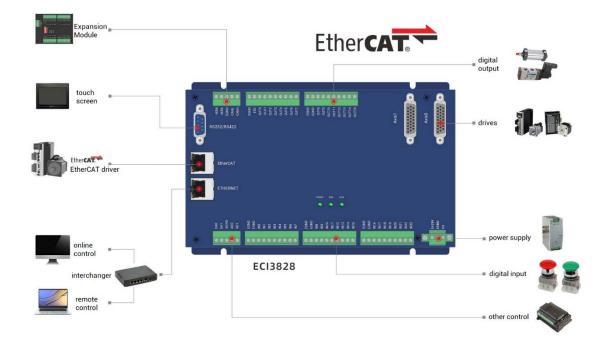
ECI3828 supports up to 16 axes of linear interpolation, any circular interpolation, space arc, helical interpolation, electronic cam, electronic gear, synchronization follow, virtual axes setting, etc.

ECI3000 series economical multi-axis motion control card can be used in those pulse applications within 16 pulse axes, such as, electronic semiconductor equipment (testing equipment, assembly equipment, locking equipment, soldering machine), dispensing equipment, assembly line, etc.

1.2. Function Features

- Support 8 real pulse axes.
- Pulse output mode: pulse / direction or dual pulses.
- The refresh cycle of EtherCAT bus is 1ms.
- AXIS interface supports encoder position measurement, which can be configured as handwheel input mode.
- Maximum pulse frequency output of each axis: 10MHZ.
- 256 isolation inputs and 256 isolation outputs can be extended at most through EtherCAT.
- Axis position limit signal / origin signal port can be configured as any input at will.
- The maximum output current of general digital outputs can reach 300mA, which can directly drive some kinds of solenoid valves.
- Interfaces: RS232, RS422, RS485, Ethernet, EtherCAT

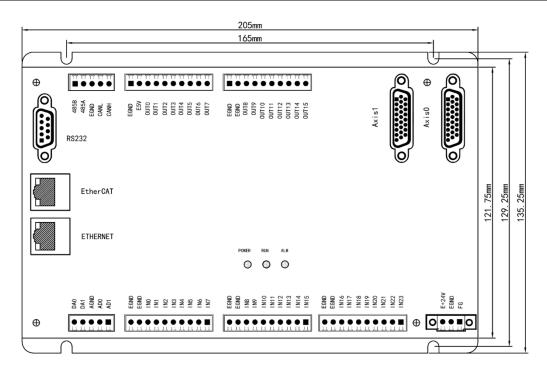
- Support linear interpolation, any circular interpolation, helical interpolation of 12 axes at most.
- Support electronic cam, electronic gear, position latch, synchronization follow, virtual axis setting, etc.
- Support hardware comparison output (HW_PSWITCH2), hardware timer and precision output when in motion.
- A variety of program encryption methods to protect the intellectual property rights of customers.

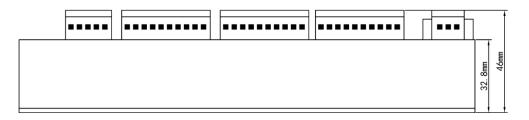


1.3. System Frame

1.4. Hardware Installment

ECI3828 motion control card adopts the horizontal installation method of screw fixing, and each controller should be installed with 4 screws for fastening.





 \rightarrow Unit: mm \rightarrow Installment Hole Diameter: 4.5mm

	• Non-professionals are strictly prohibited to operate. Specifically,
	professionals who had been trained related electrical equipment,
	or who master electrical knowledge.
	• Please be sure to read the product instruction manual and safety
	precautions carefully before installation.
	• Before installation, please ensure that the product is powered off.
	• Do not disassemble the module, otherwise the machine may be
<u> </u>	damaged.
Installation	Avoid direct sunlight installation.
attention	• In order to facilitate ventilation and controller replacement, 2-3cm
	should be left between the upper and lower parts of the controller
	and the installation environment and surrounding components.
	• Considering the convenient operation and maintenance of the
	controller, please do not install the controller in the following
	places:

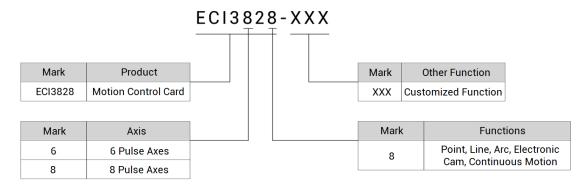
a)	places where the surrounding ambient temperature exceeds
	the range of -10°C-55°C
b)	places where the ambient humidity exceeds the range of 10%-
	95% (non-condensing)
c)	places with corrosive gases and flammable gases
d)	places with many conductive powders such as dust and iron
	powder, oil mist, salt, and organic solvents

Chapter II Product Specification

2.1. Basic Specification

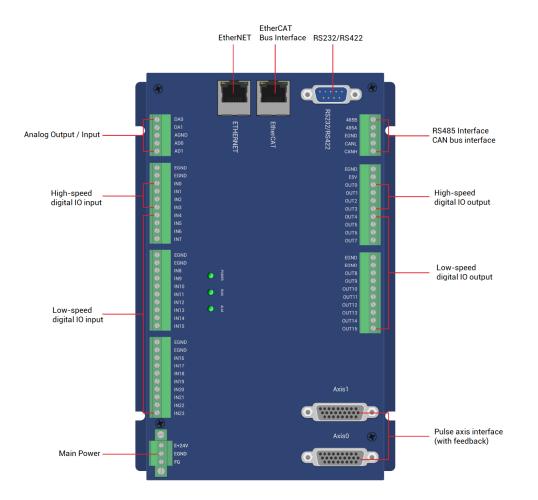
Item	Description
Model	ECI3828
Basic Axes	8
Max Extended Axes	16
Basic Axes Type	EtherCAT, pulse outputs, encoder inputs
Digital IO	There are 26 inputs and 18 outputs (the former 16
Digital IO	channels are with overcurrent protection)
Max Extended IO	256 inputs and 256 outputs
AD/DA	2 general ADs and 2 general DAs (0-10V)
Max Extended AD/DA	256 ADs and 128 DAs
Pulse Bit	32
Encoder Bit	32
Speed Acceleration Bit	32
Pulse Max Frequency	10MHz
Motion Axis Buffer	512
Array Space	15000
Program Space	128KByte
Flash Space	8MByte
Power Supply Input	24V DC input
Communication Interfaces	RS232, RS422, RS485, EtherNet, CAN, EtherCAT
Dimensions	205mm*135.25mm

2.2. Nameplate & Models



Model	Description		
ECI3628	6 axes, point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation, circular		
EC13028	interpolation, continuous interpolation, robotic arm.		
5012929	8 axes, point to point, electronic cam, linear interpolation, circular		
ECI3828	interpolation, continuous interpolation, robotic arm.		

2.3. Interface Definition



→ Interface Description

Mark	Interface	Number	Description
POWER	Status Indication	1	Power indicator: it lights when power is conducted.
RUN		1	Run indicator: it lights when runs normally
ALM	Leu	1	Error indicator: it lights when runs abnormally
RS232	RS232 serial port	1	Use MODBUS_RTU protocol
RS422	RS422 serial port	1	Use MODBUS_RTU protocol
RS485	RS485 serial port	1	Use MODBUS_RTU protocol
EtherCAT	EtherCAT Bus	1	EtherCAT bus interface, connect to EtherCAT bus
EINEICAT	interface	I	drive and EtherCAT bus expansion module.
ETHERNET	Net port	1	Use MODBUS_TCP protocol, expand Ethernet through interchanger, the number of net port

			channels can be checked through "?*port", default IP
			address id 192.168.0.11
E+24V	Main power	1	24V DC power supplies for controller
CAN	CAN bus interface	1	Connect to CAN expansion module and CAN equipment of other standards
IN	Digital IO input	24	NPN type, IN0-3 support latch function, IN-2, 21-32 support encoder function.
OUT	Digital IO output	16	NPN type, OUT0-1 support PWM function, OUT0-3 support hardware comparison output function.
AD	Analog input	2	Resolution: 12 bits, 0-10V
DA	Analog output	2	Resolution: 12 bits, 0-10V
AXIS	Pulse axis	2	It includes differential pulse output and differential encoder input

2.4. Work Environment

	Item Parameters	
Work T	emperature	-10℃-55℃
Work rela	ative Humidity	10%-95% non-condensing
Storage	Temperature	-40 $^\circ C$ ~ 80 $^\circ C$ (not frozen)
Storag	ge Humidity	Below 90%RH (no frost)
	Frequency	5-150Hz
vibration	Displacement	3.5mm(directly install)(<9Hz)
VIDIATION	Acceleration	1g(directly install)(>9Hz)
	Direction	3 axial direction
Shock (collide)		15g, 11ms, half sinusoid, 3 axial direction
Degree of Protection		IP20

Chapter III Wiring & Communication

3.1. Power Input Interface

→ Terminal Definition:

Terminal	Name	Туре	Function
E+24V	E+24V	Input	Input for power supply 24V
0 EGND	EGND	Input	Power ground
FG	FG	Grounding	Shield/Protection

Note:

1. ECI3828 controller is supplied by single-power, please make sure the quality of power supply.

 Controller 5V pulse axis and encoder interface use internal power supply, and IO uses external power. Axes and encoder expanded by ZIO expansion module use external power supply.

3.1.1. Power Supply Specification

$\rightarrow \textbf{Specification}$

Item	Description	
Voltage	DC24V (-5%~5%)	
Current to open	≤0.5A	
Current to work	≤0.4A	
Anti-reverse connection	Yes	
Overcurrent Protection	Yes	

3.2. RS485 / CAN Interface

This interface adopts 5Pin screw-type pluggable terminal with a spacing of 5.08mm. This terminal is shared by RS485 serial communication and CAN communication.

\rightarrow Terminal Definition

Ter	rminal	Name	Function
485B		485B	485-
485A		485A	485+
EGND	Ŏ	EGND	External power ground
CANL	0	CANL	CAN differential data -
CANH		CANH	CAN differential data +

3.2.1. RS485/CAN Communication Specification & Wiring

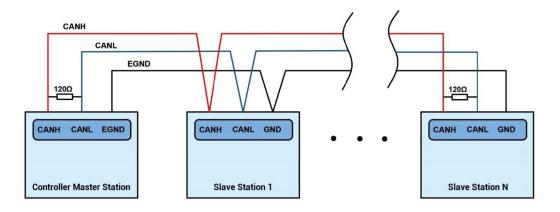
The CAN interface of the controller adopts the standard CAN communication protocol, which mainly includes three ports, CANL, CANH and the public end. And it supports connecting CAN expansion modules and other standard CAN devices.

$\rightarrow \textbf{Specification}$

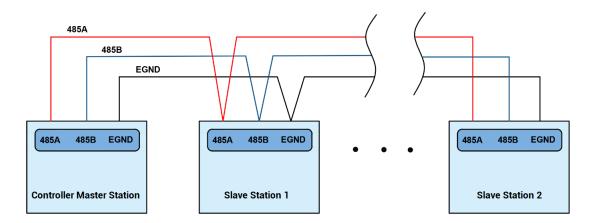
Item	CAN	RS485 (port1)	
Max Communication Rate (bps)	1M	115200	
Terminal Resistor	120Ω	No	
Topology	Daisy chain connection structure		
The number of nodes can be	Lin to 16	Lin to 107	
extended	Up to 16	Up to 127	
Communication Distance	Longer communication distance, lower		
	communication rate, max 30m is recommended.		

\rightarrow Wiring Reference

Connect the CANL and CANH of the standard CAN module to the CANL and CANH of the other side correspondingly. And public ends of the CAN bus communication both parties are connected together. In CAN bus left and right sides, connect a 120Ω resistor respectively (please see below graphic).



Connect 485A and 485B of RS485 to corresponding 485A and 485B of controller, and connect public end EGND of RS485 communication both sides together.



→ Wiring Notes:

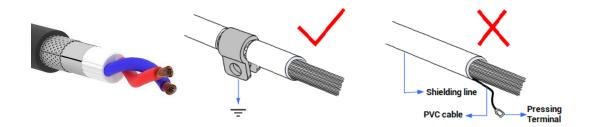
- As above, the daisy chain topology is used for wiring (the star topology structure cannot be used). When the use environment is ideal and there are no many nodes, the branch structure also can be used.
- The communication interface of ECI3828 adopts external 24V power supply, please

pay attention to connect other controllers or HMI.

- Please connect a 120Ω terminal resistor in parallel to each end of the CAN bus for matching the circuit impedance and ensuring communication stability.
- Please be sure to connect the public ends of each node on the CAN bus to prevent the CAN chip from burning out.
- Please use STP (Shielded Twisted Pair), especially in bad environments, and make sure the shielding layer is fully grounded.
- When on-site wiring, pay attention to make the distance between strong current and weak current, it is recommended for the distance to be more than 20cm.
- It should be noted that the equipment grounding (chassis) on the entire line must be good, and the grounding of the chassis should be connected to the standard factory ground pile.

\rightarrow Cable Requirements:

Shielded Twisted Pair, and the shielded cable is grounded.



3.2.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use ETHERNET, RS232 (default parameter, which can be

connected directly) or RS485 (default parameter, which can be connected directly, for hardware, an adapter is needed) to connect to <u>RTSys</u>.

- (3) Please use "ADDRESS" and "SETCOM" command to set and view protocol station No. and configuration parameters. Please refer to the <u>"Basic Programming Manual"</u> for details.
- (4) Please use the "CANIO_ADDRESS" command to set the master's "address" and "speed" according to the needs, and use the "CANIO_ENABLE" command to enable or disable the internal CAN master function, or through "RTSys/Controller/State the Controller/Communication Info" to view the CAN status intuitively, and refer to the "Basic Programming Manual" for details.

CAN communication settings: CANIO ADDRESS = 32, CANIO ENABLE = 1 ZCAN Master CAN baud: 500KBPS CAN enable: ON Serial port configuration: Port0: (RS232) is ModbusSlave Mode. Address: 1, variable: 2 Baud:38400 DataBits:8 StopBits:1 Parity:0 Port1:(RS485) is ModbusSlave Mode. Address: 1, variable: 2 Baud:38400 DataBits:8 StopBits:1 Parity:0 Port2: (RS422) is ModbusSlave Mode. Address: 1, variable: 2 Baud: 38400 DataBits:8 StopBits:1 Parity:0

- (5) According to description, set parameters related to the third party equipment correctly to match each nodes.
- (6) Correctly set the "address" and "speed" of the slave station expansion module according to the manual of the slave station.
- (7) After all the settings are completed, restart the power supply of all stations to establish communication.

(8) Note that the "speed" settings of each node on the CAN bus must be consistent, and the "address" settings cannot cause conflicts, otherwise the "ALM" alarm light will be on, and the communication establishment will fail or the communication will be disordered.

3.3. RS232/RS422 Serial Port

RS232/RS422 is in one standard DB9 male socket and supports MODBUS_RTU protocol and custom communication.

\rightarrow Interface Definition

Terminal	PIN	Name	Function
	1	422TX+	RS422 Send +
	2	232RXD	RS232 signal, receive data
	3	232TXD	RS232 signal, send data
	4	422RX+	RS422 Receive +
5 9	5	GND	5V power supply ground / communication
1 6	5		public end
	6	422TX-	RS422 Send -
	7	422RX-	RS422 Receive-
	8	NC	Reserved
	9	+5V	5V power supply output (+), max is 300mA
Note:			

1. RS232 is Port 0, RS485 is Port 1 and RS422 is Port 2.

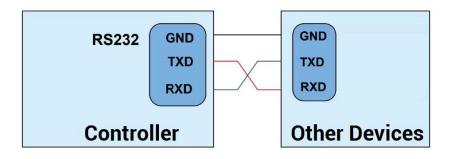
2. The latest version supports RS422 interface.

3.3.1. RS232/RS422 Interface Specification & Wiring

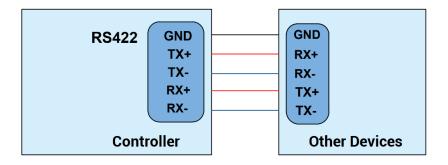
\rightarrow Specification:

Item	RS232	RS422	
Max Communication Rate (bps)	115200	115200	
Terminal Resistor	No	No	
Topology Structure	Connect correspondingly (1	One point is connected to	
Topology Structure	to 1)	multiple	
The number of nodes can be extended	1	10	
	The Longer communication	The Longer communication	
Communication	distance is, the lower	distance is, the lower	
Distance	communication rate is,	communication rate is,	
Distance	maximum 5m is	maximum 30m is	
	recommended.	recommended.	

\rightarrow Wiring Reference: (RS232)



\rightarrow Wiring Reference: (RS422)



\rightarrow Wiring Notes:

- The wiring of RS232 and RS422 are as above, it needs to cross-wiring for sending and receiving signals, and it is recommended to use a double-female head cross line when connecting to a computer.
- Please be sure to connect the public ends of each communication node to prevent the communication chip from burning out.
- Please use STP, especially in bad environments, and make sure the shielding layer is fully grounded.

3.3.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use any ETHERNET or RS232 (there is default parameter, which can be connected directly) to connect to <u>RTSys</u>.
- (3) Please use the "ADDRESS" and "SETCOM" commands to set and view the protocol station number and configured parameters, see "Basic Programming Manual" for details.
- (4) According to their respectively instructions, correctly set the relevant parameters of the third-party equipment to match the parameters of each node.
- (5) When all is configured, it can start to do communicating.
- (6) Communication data of RS232 can be directly viewed through "RTSys / Controller / State the Controller / CommunicationInfo".

3.4. IN Digital Input & High-Speed Latch Port

The digital input adopts 3 groups of 10Pin screw-type pluggable terminals, and the gap distance between terminals should be 5.08mm. In addition, the **high-speed latch function and encoder functions** are integrated in digital input signal.

\rightarrow Wiring Definition

Term	ninal	Name	Туре	Function 1	Function 2	Function 3
	EGND	EGND	/	IO Public	/	/
	EGND	EGND	/	End	/	/
	INO	IN0		Input 0	Latch A	Encoder EA2
	IN1	IN1	NPN type,	Input 1	Latch B	Encoder EB2
	IN2	IN2	high-speed input	Input 2	Latch C	Encoder EZ2
	IN3	IN3	mput	Input 3	Latch D	/
	IN4	IN4		Input 4	/	/
	IN5	IN5	NPN type,	Input 5	/	/
	IN6	IN6	low-speed	Input 6	/	/
	IN7	IN7	input	Input 7	/	/
		EGND	/	IO Public	/	/
\bigcirc	EGND	EGND	/	End	/	/
	EGND IN8	IN8		Input 8	/	/
	IN9	IN9		Input 9	/	/
	IN10	IN10		Input 10	/	/
	IN11	IN11	NPN type,	Input 11	/	/
	IN12	IN12	low-speed	Input 12	/	/
	IN13	IN13	input	Input 13	/	/
	IN14	IN14		Input 14	/	/
	IN15	IN15		Input 15	/	/
	EGND	EGND	/	IO Public	/	/
	EGND	EGND	/	End	/	/
	IN16	IN16		Input 16	/	/
	IN17	IN17		Input 17	/	/
	IN18	IN18	NPN type,	Input 18	/	/
	IN19 IN20	IN19	low-speed	Input 19	/	/
	IN20 IN21	IN20	input	Input 20	/	/
	IN22	IN21		Input 21	/	Encoder EZ3
	IN23	IN22		Input 22	/	Encoder EB3

		IN23		Input 23	/	Encoder EA3
Not	te:					
1.	Input 0 and input	1 both hav	ve latch input A a	and latch input	t B function.	
2.	ECI3828 supports	4-channe	el latch, it can us	e REG_INPUT	S to configure in	the software.
3.	IN0-2 have 24V h	igh-speed	encoder function	on, as encoder	2 to input. IN2	-23 have low-
	speed encoder fu	nction, as	encoder 3 to inp	ut.		

3.4.1. Digital Input Specification & Wiring

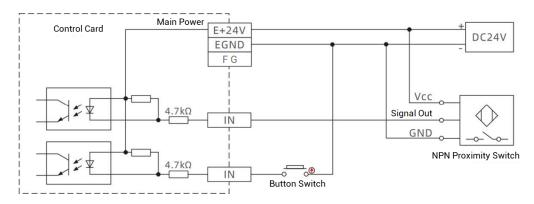
\rightarrow Specification

Item	High-Speed Input (IN0-3)	Low-Speed Input (IN4-23)		
Input mode	NPN type, the input is triggered when by low-electric leve			
Frequency	< 100kHz	< 5kHz		
Impedance	3.3KΩ	4.7ΚΩ		
Voltage level	DC24V	DC24V		
The voltage to open	<15V	<14.5V		
The voltage to close	>15.1V	>14.7V		
Minimal current	-2.3mA (negative)	-1.8mA (negative)		
Max current	-7.5mA (negative)	-6mA (negative)		
Isolation mode	optoelectronic isolation optoelectronic isolation			
Note: the above parameters are standard values when the voltage of controller power				

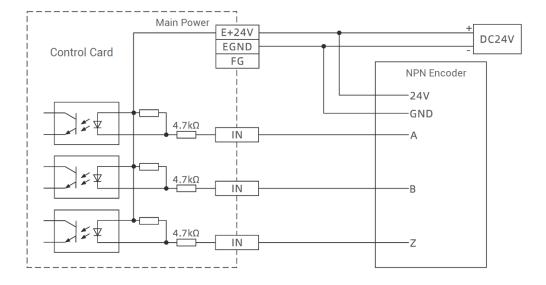
Note: the above parameters are standard values when the voltage of controller power supply (E+24V port) is 24V.

\rightarrow Wiring Reference

> General Wiring



Single-Ended Encoder Wiring



→ Wiring Note:

• For the public end, please connect the "EGND" port on the IO to the "COM" terminal of the external input device. If the signal area power supply of the external device and the power supply of the controller are in the same power supply system, this connection also can be omitted.

3.4.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please select ETHERNET, RS232 (default parameter, which can be connected directly) and RS485 (default parameter, which can be connected directly, for hardware, an adapter is needed) to connect to <u>RTSys</u>.
- (3) State values of relative input ports can be read directly through "IN" command, also, it can be read through "RTSys/Tool/In". Please refer to "Basic" for details.
- (4) Latch function can be set and triggered through "REGIST" instruction, in software, use REG_INPUTS to configure. Please refer to "ZBasic" for details.

3.5.OUT: Digital Output & PWM & Hardware Comparison Output & Single-Ended Pulse Axis

The digital output adopts 2 sets of 10Pin screw-type pluggable terminals with a spacing of 5.08mm, and the <u>PWM, hardware comparison output, single-ended pulse axis</u> <u>functions</u> are integrated in digital output signal.

\rightarrow Wiring Definition

Terminal	Name	Туре	Function 1	Function2	Function3	Function4
	EGND	/	IO Public End	/	/	/
EGND O E5V O	E5V	/	5V power output generated from 24V	/	/	/
OUT0 0 OUT1 0	OUT0	NPN,	Output 0	PWM Out 0	PUL2	
OUT1 0 OUT2 0	OUT1	high-	Output 1	PWM Out 1	DIR2	Hardware
OUT3 🕕	OUT2	speed	Output 2	/	PUL3	comparison output
OUT4 🔍 OUT5 🕕	OUT3	output	Output 3	/	DIR3	σαιραί
OUT6	OUT4	NPN,	Output 4	/	/	/
ουτ7 💋	OUT5	low-	Output 5	/	/	/
	OUT6	speed	Output 6	/	/	/
	OUT7	output	Output 7	/	/	/
	EGND	/	IO Public End	/	/	
EGND	EGND	7		/	/	
EGND	OUT8		Output 8	/	/	
OUT8 () OUT9 ()	OUT9	NPN	Output 9	/	/	
	OUT10	type,	Output 10	/	/	
	OUT11	low-	Output 11	/	/	
OUT12 🔊	OUT12	speed	Output 12	/	/	
OUT14	OUT13	output	Output 13	/	/	
OUT15	OUT14	output	Output 14	/	/	
	OUT15		Output 15	/	/	
Note:						

axis interface.

- ♦ OUT0-1 have PWM function, when PWM is shutdown, they are general outputs.
- OUT0-3 support single-ended axis 2-3 function and hardware comparison output function.

3.5.1. Digital Output Specification & Wiring

\rightarrow Specification

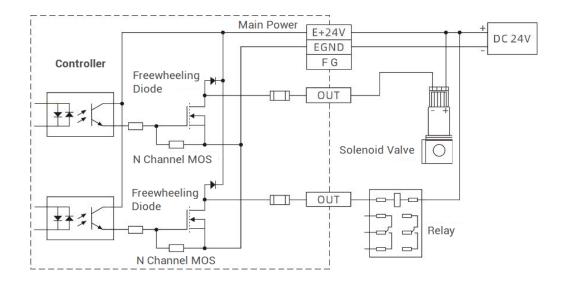
Item	High Speed Output (OUT0-3)	Low Speed Output (OUT4-15)	
Output mode	NPN type, it is 0V w	hen there is output.	
Frequency	< 400kHz	< 8kHz	
Voltage level	DC24V	DC24V	
Max output current	+300mA	+300mA	
Max leakage current	25μΑ	25μΑ	
when off	ΖθμΑ		
Respond time to	1μs (resistive load typical value)	12µs	
conduct		12µ3	
Respond time to close	Зµѕ	80µs	
Overcurrent protection	Support	Support	
Isolation method	optoelectronic isolation	optoelectronic isolation	

Note:

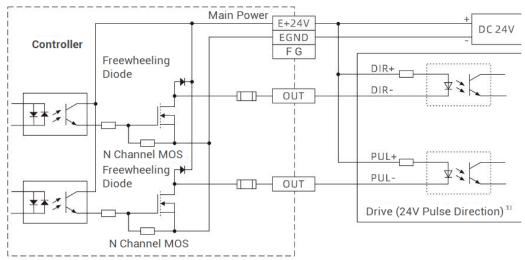
- The times in the form are typical based on the resistive load, and may change when the load circuit changes.
- Due to the leak-type output, the shutdown of the output will be obviously affected by the external load circuit, and the output frequency should not be set too high in the application.
 For high-speed output, it is recommended to be lower than 400KHz, for low-speed output, it is recommended to be lower than 8HKz. If there needs higher speed, please contact us to adjust parameter or custom hardware.

\rightarrow Wiring Reference

> General Wiring



Single-Ended Encoder Wiring



[1] for 5V pulse directional interface, please connect PUL+ and DIR+ to E5V.

\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- For the connection of the public end, please connect the "EGND" port on IO to the negative pole of the DC power supply of the external input device. If the DC power supply of the external device and the controller power supply are in the same power supply system, this connection can also be omitted.
- E5V port is the output terminal of 5V power supply, this power terminal can be used

when input load of external 5V power supply needs to be provided, the maximum current is 300mA.

3.5.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use ETHERNET, RS232 or RS485 to connect to RTSys.
- (3) Open or close output port directly through "OP" command, also, it can be opened or closed through "RTSys/Tool/Op". Please refer to "Basic" for details.
- (4) The PWM function, set the frequency and duty cycle through "PWM_FREQ" and "PWM_DUTY". Please refer to Basic for details.
- (5) The hardware comparison output function can be set through **"HW_PSWITCH2"** instruction. Please refer to Basic for details.

3.6. AD/DA: Analog Input / Output

The analog port adopts a set of 5Pin screw-type pluggable terminals with a spacing of 5.08mm.

\rightarrow Wiring Definition

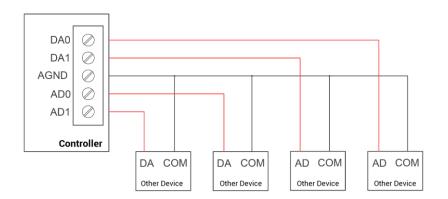
Terr	Terminal		Туре	Function	
	DA0		Output	Analog output terminal AOUT(0)	
	DA1	DA1	Output	Analog output terminal AOUT(1)	
	AGND	AGND	Public end	analog public end	
	AD0		loout	Analog input terminal AIN(0)	
AD1		AD1	Input	Analog input terminal AIN(1)	
Note: ECI	Note: ECI3828 inner AD and DA use internal power supply.				

3.6.1. Analog Input / Output Specification & Wiring

\rightarrow Specification

Item	AD (0-1)	DA (0-1)
Resolution	12-bit	12-bit
Data range	0-4095	0-4095
Signal range	0-10V input	0-10V output
Data refresh ratio	1KHz	1KHz
Voltage input	>300KΩ (voltage input	>10KΩ (voltage output
impedance / output load	impedance)	load)

\rightarrow Wiring Reference



\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- The analog input/output wiring method is as shown in the figure above, and the external load signal range must match with this signal range.
- Please use STP, especially in bad environments, and make sure the shielding layer is fully grounded.

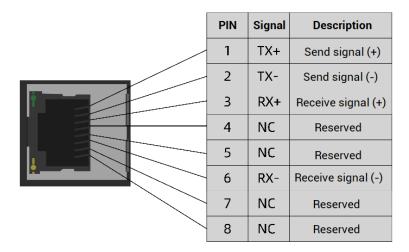
3.6.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After powered on, please use ETHERNET or RS232 to connect to RTSys.

(3) Analog input voltage can be read through "AIN" command and corresponding analog voltage can be output through "AOUT" command, also, data of each channel can be checked through "RTSys/Tool/AD/DA". Please refer to "Basic" for details.

3.7.ETHERNET

ECI3828 motion controller has an Ethernet port, and it supports MODBUS_TCP protocol and custom communication, and the default IP address is 192.168.0.11. The pin definition is as follows:



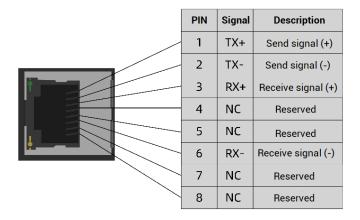
The Ethernet port of the controller can be connected to a computer, HMI, etc. through an Ethernet cable, and using point to point connection method. The schematic diagram is as follows:

The controller can also be connected to the interchanger through an Ethernet cable, and then use interchanger to connect to other devices, then multi-point connection can be achieved. The schematic diagram is as follows:

3.8. EtherCAT Bus Interface

ECI3828 network motion control card has a 100M EtherCAT communication interface, and

it supports EtherCAT protocol. In addition, EtherCAT driver or EtherCAT expansion module can be connected. The pin definition is as follows:



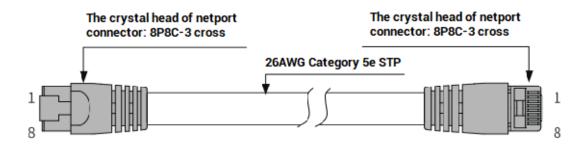
$\rightarrow \textbf{Specification}$

ltem	Specification				
Communication protocol	EtherCAT protocol				
Valid service	CoE(PDO, SDO), FoE				
Synchronization method	IO adopts input and output synchronization / DC-				
Synchronization method	distributed clock				
Physical level	100BASE-TX				
Duplex mode	Full duplex				
Topology	linear topology				
Transfer media	Cable				
Transfer distance	It is less than 100M between 2 nodes				
Process data	Maximum 1486 bytes of one single frame				
Synchronization shaking	4140				
of two slave stations	<1us				
Refresh	1000 digital input and output about is 30us, 16 servo				
nellesii	axes is about 100us				

\rightarrow Communication Cable Requirements

ETHERNET communication interface adopts standard Ethernet RJ45 interface.

The network cable adopts Category 5e STP, and the crystal head has a metal shell to reduce interference and to prevent information from being eavesdropped. As shown below:



ltem	Specification
Cable type	Flexible crossover cable, Category 5e
traverse	twisted pair
Line pairs	4
Isolation	cross skeleton
Connector	Crystal head with iron shell
Cable material	PVC
Cable length	Less than 100m

Use RJ45 network cable connection method:

- When installing, hold the crystal head that is with the cable and insert it into the RJ45 interface until it makes a "click" sound (kada).
- In order to ensure the stability of communication, please fix the cables with cable ties.
- When disassembling, press the tail mechanism of the crystal head, and pull out the connector and the module in a horizontal direction.

Please use tube-type pre-insulated terminals and cables with appropriate wire diameters to connect the user terminals.

3.9. Axis Interface

This product provides 2 local differential pulse axis interfaces, each interface is a standard DB26 female socket. Each terminal provides 0V and +5V output, which can provide 5V power for the encoder.

Before the axis is used, the use mode of the axis must be configured through the ATYPE parameter.

\rightarrow Interface Definition

Interface	Pin	n Signal Description								
	1	EGND	Negative pole of 24V digital IO power							
	2	IN24-25/ALM	General input (recommended as driver alarm)							
	3	OUT16-17/ENBALE	General output (recommended as driver enable Encoder differential input signal A-							
	4	EA-								
	5	EB-	Encoder differential input signal B-							
	6	EZ-	Encoder differential input signal Z-							
	7	+5V	5V power (+) of pulse/encoder signal							
	8	Reserved	Reserved							
	9	DIR+	Servo or step direction output +							
	10	GND	5V power (-) of pulse/encoder signal							
- 10	11	PUL-	Servo or step pulse output -							
1 - 19	12	Reserved	Reserved							
	13	GND	5V power (-) of pulse/encoder signal							
	14	OVCC	Positive pole of IO 24V power Reserved							
9 26	15	Reserved								
	16	Reserved	Reserved							
	17	EA+	Encoder differential input signal A+							
	18	EB+	Encoder differential input signal B+							
	19	EZ+	Encoder differential input signal Z+							
	20	GND								
	21	GND	5V power (-) of pulse/encoder signal							
	22	DIR-	Servo or step direction output -							
	23	PUL+	Servo or step pulse output +							
	24	GND	5V power (-) of pulse/encoder signal							
	25	Reserved	Reserved							
	26	Reserved	Reserved							

Note:

 Alarm input and axis enable output are used as general input and output at the same time, when it is output, output small current.

♦ ECI3828 differential pulse axis and differential encoder input are only for axis 0 and axis 1.

 Axis 2 and axis 3 are low-speed single-ended pulse interface OUT2-3, which can be modified to take effect through ATYPE. High-speed single-end encoder input of axis 2 is IN0-2, low-speed single-end encoder input of axis 3 is IN21-IN23.

> Pulse-Axis PIN No. & IO Relation:

Pulse Axis No.	IN (PIN2)	OUT (PIN3)
AXISO	IN24	OUT16
AXIS1	IN25	OUT17

3.9.1. AXIS Interface Signal Specification & Wiring

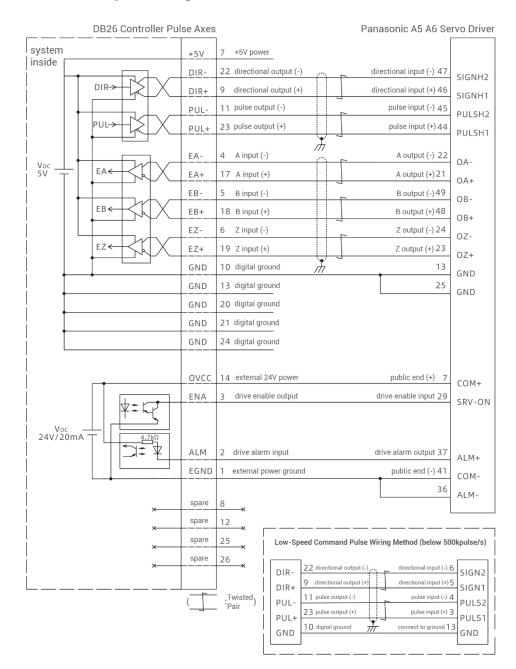
\rightarrow Specification:

Signal	ltem	Description				
	Signal type	Differential output signal				
PUL/DIR	Voltage range	0-5V				
	Maximum frequency	10MHz				
	Signal type	Differential input signal				
EA/EB/EZ	Voltage range	0-5V				
	Maximum frequency	5MHz				
	Innut method	NPN type, it is triggered when low				
	Input method	electric level is input.				
	Frequency	< 5kHz				
	Impedance	6.8ΚΩ				
	Voltage level	DC24V				
IN24-25	The voltage to open	<10.5V				
	The voltage to close	>10.7V				
	Minimal current	-1.8mA (negative)				
	Maximum current	-4mA (negative)				
	Isolation	optoelectronic isolation				
	Output mosth od	NPN leak type, it is 0V when				
	Output method	outputs				
OUT16-17	Frequency	< 8kHz				
	Voltage level	DC24V				

	Maximum current	+50mA		
	Overcurrent protection	No		
	Isolation	optoelectronic isolation		
+5V, GND	Maximum output current for	50mA		
+5V, GND	5V	AIIIOC		
	Maximum output current for	E0m A		
OVCC, EGND	24V	50mA		

\rightarrow Wiring Reference:

> Reference example of wiring with Panasonic A5/A6 servo driver.



+5V	7 +5V Power	Drive
DIR-	22 directional output (-)	DIR-
DIR+	9 directional output (+)	DIR+
PUL-	11 pulse output (-)	PUL-
PUL+	23 pulse output (+)	PUL+
PUL+		

> Single-Ended Pulse Axis Wiring:

Single-Ended Encoder Wiring:

+5V	7 +5V power	5V
EA-	4 A IN (-)	24
	17 A IN (+)	
EA+	5 B IN (-)	— A
EB-	18 B IN (+)	NPN Encoder
EB+	б Z IN (-)	B Encoder
EZ-	19 Z IN (+)	
EZ+	10/13/20/21/24	— Z
GND		— GND

\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- The wiring principle of the differential pulse axis interface is shown in the figure above, and the wiring methods of different types of drivers are different, please connect carefully.
- If the speed can meet the requirements, use low-speed differential pulse port preferentially. When high-speed differential pulse interface is used, controller internal digital ground must be connected to drive high-speed pulse reference ground.
- Please use STP, especially there is bad environment, make sure shield layer is fully grounded.
- Some servo drives are not isolated by optocoupler. At this time, the GND must be connected to the GND of the driver. Most of the drive encoders are not isolated by optocoupler. When connecting the encoder, GND must be connected.

3.9.2. Basic Usage Method

- (1) Please follow the above wiring instructions to wiring correctly.
- (2) After power on, please use ETHERNET or RS232 (default parameter, it can be connected directly) to connect to RTSys.
- (3) Set axis parameters, such as, ATYPE, UNITS, SPEED, ACCEL, FWD_IN, REV_IN, etc.
- (4) There are many parameters related to pulse axis, they can be set and checked through relative instructions, please see "axis parameter and axis status" of "Basic", or see "RTSys/Tool/Axis parameter".
- (5) Control corresponding motion through "View Manual".

Manual															×
Axis	ATYPE	UNITS	ACCEL	DECEL	SPEED	DPOS	LeftVMove	RightVMove	Distance	Absolute		MPOS	IDLE	AXISSTATUS	
0 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop
1 -	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	Oh	Stop
2 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	Oh	Stop
3 🔻	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop
4 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop
5 💌	0	1.000	10000.0	0.000	1000.00	0.000	Left	Right			Move	0.000	-1	0h	Stop

Refer to BASIC Routine:

BASE(0,1)	'select axis 0 and axis 1
ATYPE = 1,1	'set axis 0 and axis 1 as pulse axes
UNITS = 1000,1000	'set pulse amount as 1000 pulses
SPEED = 10,10	'set axis speed as 100*1000 pulse/s
ACCEL = 1000,1000	'set axis acceleration as 1000*1000 pulse/s/s
FWD_IN = -1,-1	'prohibit using axis positive hardware position limit
REV_IN = -1,-1	'prohibit using axis negative hardware position limit
MOVE(10) AXIS(0)	'axis 0 moves distance of 10*1000 pulses in positive
MOVE(-20) AXIS(0)	'axis 0 moves distance of 20*1000 pulses in negative

Chapter IV Expansion Module

ZIO series expansion modules or ZMIO310-CAN coupler with sub modules can be used.

Connect control card to CAN bus expansion modules, when the eighth bit of the DIP switch of the expansion module is turned to ON, which indicates that a 120-ohm resistor has been connected, but needs to connect one 120-ohm resistor externally. When connecting multiple CAN expansion modules, you only need to dial ON for the eighth digit of the last expansion module, which means please do not dial bit-8 of other modules.

4.1. CAN Bus Expansion

controller + ZIO expansion module, when the eighth bit of the DIP switch of the expansion module is turned to ON, which indicates that a 120-ohm resistor has been connected, but needs to connect one 120-ohm resistor externally. When connecting multiple CAN expansion modules, you only need to dial ON for the eighth digit of the last expansion module, which means please do not dial bit-8 of other modules.

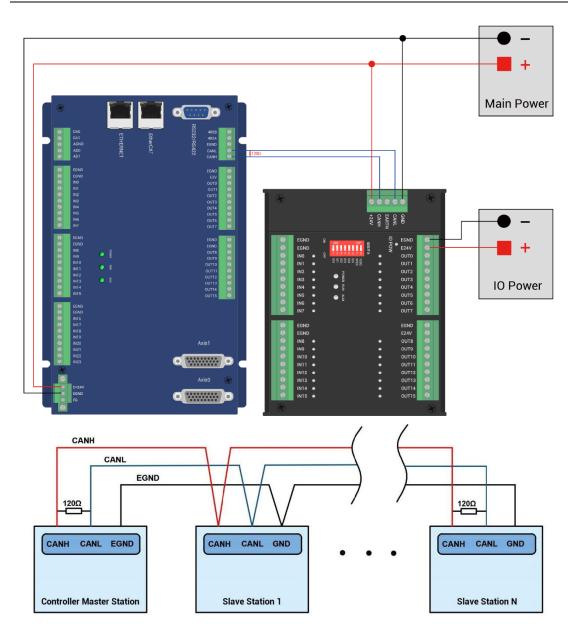
4.1.1. CAN Bus Wiring

The ZIO expansion module is powered by the dual power supply. Except the main power supply, an additional IO power supply is required to supply independent power for IO. Both the main power supply and the IO power supply use 24V DC power supply. For ZAIO, it only needs to connect to the main power supply.

To prevent interference, separate the IO power supply from the main power supply.

Please select the expansion module according to the requirements, and select IO mapping or axis mapping according to the resources of the expansion module.

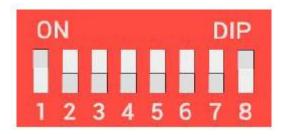
Wiring reference of connection between ZIO expansion module and control card and standard wiring of CAN bus are shown as below:



\rightarrow Wiring Note:

- ECI3828 control card uses the single power, and ZIO expansion module uses dualpower. When using, main power supply of expansion module and main power supply of controller can share one power. When they use different power supplies, controller power EGND needs to connect to expansion module power GND, otherwise CAN may be burnt out.
- When connecting multiple ZIO expansion modules on the CAN bus, a 120-ohm resistor needs to be connected in parallel between the CANL and CANH terminals, for the ZIO expansion module that is with 8-digit dialing codes, the terminal resistor can be realized by dialing the code (DIP).

4.1.2. CAN Bus Expansion Resource Mapping



The ZCAN expansion module generally has an 8-bit DIP switch, dial ON to take effect, and the meaning of the DIP is as follows:

1-4: they are used for ZCAN expansion module IO address mapping, the corresponding value is 0-15.

5-6: CAN communication speed, corresponding value is 0-3, four different speeds are optional.

7: reserved.

8: 120-ohm resistor, dial ON means a 120-ohm resistor is connected between CANL and CANH.

The IO numbers of the entire control system cannot be repeated, and existed numbers must be avoided when mapping resources. And the DIP switch must be dialed before power-on, if re-dial after power-on, it is invalid. It needs to be powered on again to take effect.

Dial 1-4 to select the CAN address, and the controller sets the IO number range of the corresponding expansion module according to the CAN DIP address. When each is dialed as OFF, the corresponding value is 0, when it is ON, it corresponds to a value of 1, and the address combination value = dial 4×8 + dial code 3×4 + dial code 2×2 + dial code 1.

Dial code 5-6 to select CAN bus communication speed, speed combination value=dial code 6×2 + dial code 5×1 , the combined value range is 0-3.

DIP 5-6			
combination value	CANIO_ADDRESS high 8-bit value	CAN communication speed	
0	0 (corresponds to decimal 128)	500KBPS (default value)	
1	1 (corresponds to decimal 256)	250KBPS	

The corresponding speeds are as follows:

2	2 (corresponding to decimal 512)	125KBPS
3	3 (corresponding to decimal 768)	1MBPS

The controller side sets the CAN communication speed through the CANIO_ADDRESS command. There are also four speed parameters that can be selected. The communication speed must be consistent with the communication speed of the expansion module that corresponds to the combination value, then they can communicate with each other.

The factory default communication speed is 500 KBPS on both sides, there is no need to set this, unless you need to change the speed.

The CANIO_ADDRESS command is a system parameter, and it can set the masterslave end of CAN communication. The default value of the controller is 32, that is, CANIO_ADDRESS=32 is the master end, and the slave end is set between 0-31.

The CAN communication configuration can be viewed in the "State the Controller" window.

\rightarrow IO Mapping:

the CAN expansion module uses bit1-4 of the DIP switch. According to the number of currently included IO points (the largest number in IN and OP must include IO point in the axis interface), use the bit 1-4 to set the ID, so as to determine the number range of IO to be expanded.

If the controller itself contains 28 INs and 16 OPs, then the starting address set by the first extended board should exceed the maximum value of 28. According to below rule, the dial code should be set to the combination value 1 (binary combination value 0001, from right to left, dial code 1-4, at this time dial 1 is set to ON, and the others are set to OFF), the IO number on the expansion board = the expansion board number value + the initial IO number value, among them, the IOs that are vacant from 29-31 Numbers are not used. Subsequent extended boards continue to confirm the dial settings according to the IO points in turn.

The initial digital IO mapping number starts from 16 and increases in multiples of 16. The distribution of digital IO numbers corresponding to different dial IDs is as follows.

DIP 1-4 combination value	Starting IO number	End IO number
0	16	31
1	32	47
2	48	63
3	64	79
4	80	95
5	96	111
6	112	127
7	128	143
8	144	159
9	160	175
10	176	191
11	192	207
12	208	223
13	224	239
14	240	255
15	256	271

The initial IO mapping number of the analog AD starts from 8 and increases in multiples of 8. The initial IO mapping number of the analog DA starts from 4 and increases in multiples of 4. The allocation of digital IO numbers corresponding to different dial code IDs is as follows:

DIP 1-4	Starting AD	End AD	Starting DA	End DA
combination value	number	number	number	number
0	8	15	4	7
1	16	23	8	11
2	24	31	12	15
3	32	39	16	19
4	40	47	20	23
5	5 48 55		24	27
6	56	63	28	31
7	64	71	32	35
8	72	79	36	39
9	80	87	40	43
10	88	95	44	47

11	96	103	48	51
12	104	111	52	55
13	112	119	56	59
14	120	127	60	63
15	128	135	64	67

\rightarrow Axis Mapping:

When the CAN bus expansion mode is used to expand the pulse axis, 2 pulses axes are extended. These two pulse axes need to be mapped and bound with the axis No., then access.

Extended axes need to perform axis mapping operations, using the AXIS_ADDRESS command to map, and the mapping rules are as follows:

AXIS_ADDRESS(axis No.)=(32*0)+ID

'the local axis interface of the expansion module AXIS 0

AXIS_ADDRESS(axis No.)=(32*1)+ID

'the local axis interface of the expansion module AXIS 1

The ID is the combined value of the DIP bit1-4 of the expansion module. After the mapping is completed and the axis parameters such as ATYPE are set, the expansion axis can be used.

Example:

ATYPE(6)=0 'set as virtual axis

AXIS_ADDRESS(6)=1+(32*0)

'ZCAN expansion module ID 1 axis 0 is mapped to axis 6

ATYPE(6)=8 'ZCAN extended axis type, pulse direction stepping or servo UNITS(6)=100 0 'pulse equivalent 1000 SPEED(6)=100 'speed 100uits/s ACCEL(6)=1000 'acceleration 1000units/s^2

MOVE(100) AXIS(6) 'extended axis movement 100units

Extended resource viewing:

According to the CAN connection, after the power is turned on, and the wiring resistance dial code is set correctly, the power indication led (POWER) and the running indication led (RUN), the IO power indication led (IO POWER) are on, and the alarm indication led (ALM) is off. At the same time, the "Controller" - "State the controller" - "ZCanNodes" in the RTSys software displays the expansion module information and the extended IO number range.

The dial ID and the corresponding resource number when connecting multiple expansion modules are as follows:

Local	432-0(ZMC432)	32	30(0-29)	18(0-17)	0	2(0-1)	
1	48(ZIO 1632)	0	16(32-47)	32(32-63)	0	0	
3	26(ZIO 16082)	2	16(64-79)	8(64-71)	0	0	
4	10(ZAIO0802)	0	0	0	8(40-47)	2(20-21)	
							-

ALM indicator light is on, please check whether the wiring, resistor and dial setting are correct, and whether the CANIO_ADDRESS command of the controller is set as the master end (32), and whether the CAN communication speed is consistent.

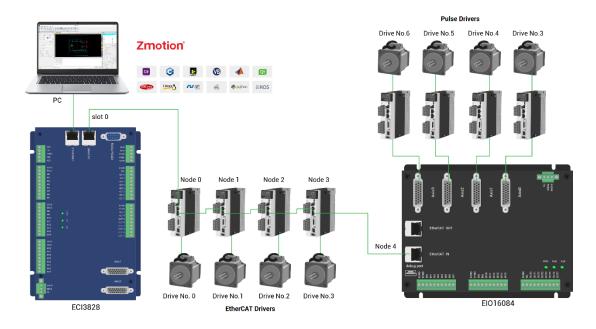
4.2. EtherCAT Bus Expansion

The EIO expansion module is an expansion module used by the EtherCAT bus controller. It can expand the resources of digital IO and pulse axis. When the resources of the controller are insufficient, the EtherCAT bus controller can be connected to multiple EIO expansion modules for expansion, you can view the maximum number of IO expansion points and the maximum number of expansion axes of the controller, and in this way, it supports IO remote expansion.

4.1.1. EtherCAT Bus Expansion Wiring

After the expansion wiring is completed, each EIO expansion module does not need to develop again. It only needs to manually configure the unique IO address and axis address in the EtherCAT master controller, and it can be accessed after the configuration is completed. The IO address number is set through the bus command NODE_IO, and the program on the controller can access the resources on the expansion module only through the IO number. The configuration of the axis address uses the AXIS_ADDRESS command to map axis number, and when the binding is completed, specify the axis number through the BASE or AXIS command.

When wiring, pay attention that EtherCAT IN is connected to the upper-level module, and EtherCAT OUT is connected to the lower-level module. The IN and OUT ports cannot be mixed.



EIO expansion module wiring reference example:

Involved number concepts in above figure are as follows: the bus-related command parameters will use the following numbers:

Slot number (slot):

The slot number refers to the number of the bus interface on the controller, and the slot number of the EtherCAT bus is 0.

Device number (node):

The device number refers to the number of all devices connected to a slot. It starts from 0 and is automatically numbered according to the connection sequence of the devices on the bus. You can view the total number of devices connected to the bus through the NODE_COUNT(slot) command.

Drive number:

The controller will automatically identify the drive on the slot, and the number starts

from 0, and the number is automatically numbered according to the connection sequence of the drive on the bus.

The drive number is different from the device number. Only the drive device number on the slot is assigned, and other devices are ignored. The drive number will be used when mapping the axis number.

4.1.2. EtherCAT Bus Expansion Resource Mapping

\rightarrow IO Mapping:

The program on the controller can access the resources on the expansion module only through the IO number. The IO number of the EtherCAT bus expansion module is set through the bus command NODE_IO, and the input and output are configured at the same time.

When IO mapping, first check the maximum IO number of the controller itself (including the external IO interface and the interface in the pulse axis), and then use the command to set.

If the extended IO coincides with the IO number of the controller itself, the two will work at the same time, so the mapped number of the IO mapping must not be repeated in the entire control system.

IO mapping syntax:

NODE_ IO(slot, node) = iobase

slot: slot number, 0-default

node: device number, starting from 0

iobase : mapping the IO start number, the setting result will only be a multiple of 8

Example:

NODE_IO(0,0)=32 'set the IO start number of slot 0 interface device 0 to 32

If device 0 is EI016084, after configuration according to the above syntax, the IO numbers corresponding to input IN0-15 are 32-47 in turn, the general input port numbers in the axis interface are 48-55, and the drive alarm inputs of axes AXIS 0-3 are 48-51

respectively. The IO numbers corresponding to the output OUT0-7 are 32-39 in sequence, the general output port numbers in the axis interface are 40-47, and the drive enable outputs of the axes AXIS 0-3 are 40-43 respectively.

0	41bh	1918h	0	4	24(32-55)	16(32-47)	0	
<								>

\rightarrow AXIS Mapping:

Before using the axis of the expansion module, you need to use the AXIS_ADDRESS command to map the axis number, and the axis mapping also needs to pay attention to the axis number of the entire system cannot be repeated. The mapping syntax of the EIO series extended axis is the same as that of the bus driver.

Axis mapping syntax:

AXIS_ADDRESS(axis number)=(slot number<<16) + driver number+1

Example:

AXIS_ADDRESS(0)=(0<<16)+0+1

'the first drive on the EtherCAT bus, drive number 0, bound as axis 0

AXIS_ADDRESS(1)=(0<<16)+1+1

'the second drive on the EtherCAT bus, drive number 1, bound as axis 1

If the first node is EI016084, and EI016084 is connected to drive, then driver 0 here is the first pulse driver connected to EI016084, otherwise it is the EtherCAT driver.

Chapter V Programming

5.1. Program in RTSys Software

RTSys is a PC-side program development, debugging and diagnostic software for the Zmotion motion controllers. Through it, users can easily edit and configure the controller program, quickly develop applications, diagnose system operating parameters in real time, and debug the running program in real time. What's more, it supports Chinese and English bilingual environments.

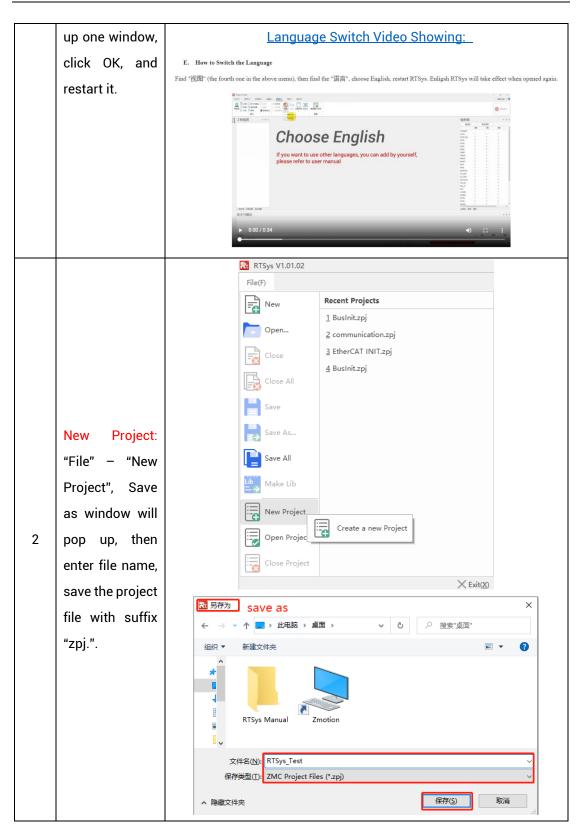
In RTSys, there are 4 programming languages for motion control development, Basic, PLC, HMI and C language, they can run multi-tasks among them, especially for Basic, multitask running can be achieved separately, hybrid programming is also OK with PLC, HMI and C language.

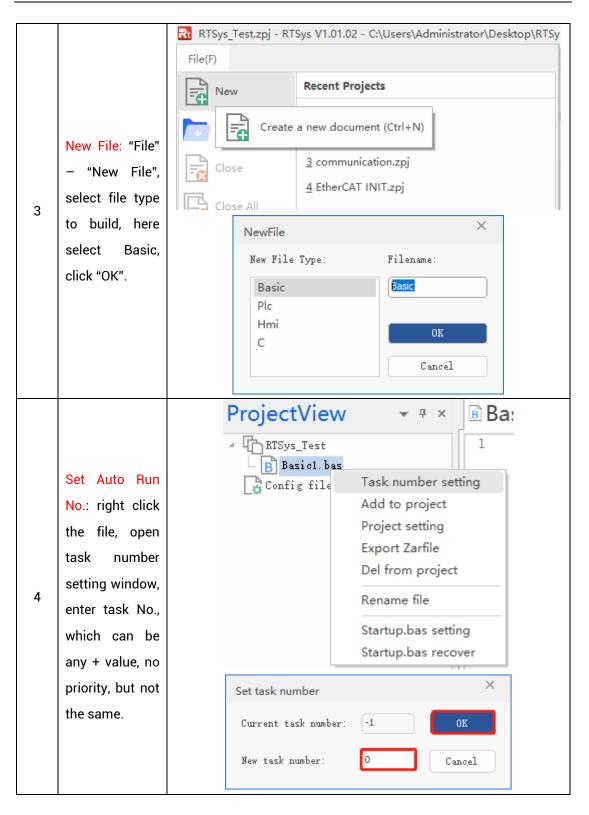
RTSys Downloading Address: https://www.zmotionglobal.com/pro_info_282.html

Features	Parameters	System Archit	ecture	Download	
Name		Version No	Format	Size	Download
RTSys Development Softw	vare	V1.2.02	RAR	148MB	Download
RTSys User Manual V1.2.0	RTSys User Manual V1.2.0		PDF	5.33MB	Download
RTBasic Programming Ma	anual	V1.1.0	PDF	18.3MB	Download
RTHMI Programming Mar	nual	V1.2.0	PDF	7.23MB	Download
Quick Start		VQuick Start	ZIP	16.1MB	Download
ZVision Basic Programmi	ng Manual V1.3.0	V1.3.0	PDF	10.6MB	Download
ZPLC		V1.0	PDF	1.7M	Download

And related manuals can be found in "Download":

Step	Operations	Display Interface
1	Switch the Language: "Language" –	Language Font Theme Custor Style ~ ~
	"English", then there will pop	Simplified Chinese





	Save File: edit							
	the program in							
	program editing	File(F)						
	window, click	New Recent Projects						
	"save", new	Open <u>2</u> 1						
5	built file will be							
	saved under	Close						
	"zpj." project							
	automatically.	Save						
	"Save all"							
	means all files	Save the active document (Ctrl+S)						
	under this	Save All						
	project will be							
	saved.							
	Connection:	File(F) Home(O) Controller(C) Edit(E) View(V) Tool(T) Debug(D)						
	Click "controller	Image: I						
	– connect", if	Connect Disconnect Download Download Download State the Firmware System Modify IP RAM ROM controller Time address Controller Unlock Controller Controller						
	no controller,	Controller Controller (Ctrl+Alt+C) Simulator Connect to the controller (Ctrl+Alt+C) Connect to the controller (Ctrl+Alt+C) Connect to the controller (Ctrl+Alt+C) Connect to the controller (Ctrl+Alt+C) BRSSTITCH = 3 base(0) 'select axis 0 Config files 4 atype=1 'pulse stepper or servo						
	select connect							
	to simulator.							
	Then, "connect							
	to controller"							
	window will pop							
6	up, you can	Connect to Controller ×						
	select serial							
	port or net port	COM 2 - 38400 - No Parity - 0 - Connect AutoConnect						
	to connect,	IP 127.0.0.1 - 500 - Connect IP Scan						
	select matched	PCI/Local - Connect Disconnect						
	serial port	Native IP: 172 OK Cancel						
	parameters or							
	net port IP							
	address, then							
	click "connect".							
7	Download	• RAM: it will not save when power off.						
1	Program into	• ROM: it will save data when power off, and when the program						

	Controller:	is connected to controller again, running according to task
	"Ram/Rom" –	No.
	"download	File(F) Home(O) Controller(C)
	RAM /	
	download	Connect Disconnect Download Download
	ROM", if it is	V RAM ROM
	successful,	Output ×
	there is print	Connected to Controller:VPLC5xx-Simu Version:5.20-20240426. Down to Controller Ram Success, 2024-08-15 11:16:29, Elapsed time: 94ms.
	indication, at	
	the same time,	Command: Send Capture Clear
	program is	Output Find Results
	downloaded	Output ×
	into controller	Down to Controller Rom Success, 2024-08-15 11:17:02, Elapsed time: 93ms. 🔺
	and runs	
	automatically.	Command: Send Capture Clear
		Output Find Results
	Debug: "Debug"	File(F) Home(O) Controller(C) Edit(E) View(V) Tool(T) Debug(D)
	– "Start/Stop	
	Debug" to call	Download Download Start/Stop RAM ROM Debug Debug
	"Task" and	Debug
	"Watch"	Enter Debug X
8	window,	Select enter mode
	because it was	C Down ram again C Down rom again
	downloaded	C No download, Reset
	before, here	Attach to current
	select "Attach	OK Cancel
	the current".	
		Scope × Channel Config Accessibility Help
	Scope function:	Manual-trigger Manual-
	Click "View" –	X Scale: Is - Display: YT mode - Chanals: 2 - 30 view: Oblique view - Continuous Follow Magnifier
_	"Scope" to open	Channel Cursor Statistics Show Index Source Offset Scale
9	oscilloscope. It	200 1002 0012
	can capture	
	needed data,	
	for debugging.	

Notes:

- When opening an project, choose to open the zpj file of the project. If only the Bas file is opened, the program cannot be downloaded to the controller.
- When the project is not created, only the Bas file cannot be downloaded to the controller.
- The number 0 in automatic operation represents the task number, and the program runs with task 0, and the task number has no priority.
- If no task number is set for the files in the entire project, when downloading to the controller, the system prompts the following message WARN: no program set autorun

5.2. Upgrade Controller Firmware

Firmware upgrade can be achieved by downloading zfm firmware package in RTSys. zfm file is the firmware upgrade package of controller, please select corresponding firmware because different models are with different packages, please contact manufacturer).

How to update:

- a. Open <u>ZDevelop</u> / <u>RTSys</u> software, then click "controller connect", find PCI/LOCAL method, click "connect". If connected, there will be "Connected to Controller: PCIE464 Version: 4.93 – 20231220." In "output" window.
- b. Click "controller state the controller", find basic info, then current software version can be checked.
- c. Click "controller update firmware", current controller model and software version can be viewed.
- Click "browse", and select saved firmware file, click "update", then one window will pop up, please click "ok".
- e. After that, "connect to controller" window appears again, and please select "PCI/Local" again, and click "connect".
- f. When connection is successful, "firmware update" interface is shown. Now

system enters ZBIOS state, please click "update" again.

- g. When it is loaded, "firmware update" window disappears, now in output window, it shows "Update firmware to Controller Success".
- h. Do step a and step b again, check whether the firmware is updated or not.

5.3. Program in Host-Computer by PC Languages

The controller supports development under various operating systems such as windows, linux, Mac, Android, and wince, and provides dll libraries in various environments such as vc, c#, vb.net, and labview, as shown in the figure below. PC software programming refers to <u>"Zmotion PC Function Library Programming Manual"</u>.



The program developed using the PC software cannot be downloaded to the controller, and it is connected to the controller through the dll dynamic library. The dll library needs to be added to the header file and declared during development.

Get PC library file, example: <u>https://www.zmotionglobal.com/download_list_17.html</u>

Hardware Manuals Product EPLAN	Software Manuals Video Description	Tool Software	Products Catalogs	Development Examples	PC Library Files	Product 3D Model
Quick Start	, in the second s					Download
Bus INIT BASIC						Download
C Sharp						Lownload
C PLUS PLUS						Download
LABVIEW						Download
Python						Lownload
Linux C Sharp 64 B	lit					Download

Step	Operations	Display Interface
1	Open VS, click "File" – "New" – "Project".	 ✓ 起始页 - Microsoft Visual Studio 文件(F) 編編(E) 視图(V) 调试(D) 团队(M) 工具(T) 体系结构(C) 测试(S) 分析(N) 窗口(W) 新建(N) 打开(O) 关闭解决方案(T) 公 文件(F) Ctrl+Shift+Alt+N 交付(F) Ctrl+Shift+Alt+N 交付(F) Ctrl+Shift+Alt+N 次付(F) Ctrl+Shift+Alt+N 大河解决方案(T) 文付(F) Ctrl+Shift+Alt+N 水均解决方案(T) 大河解决方案(T) 大河解决方案(T) 大河解决方案(T) 大河解决方案(T) 大河解决方案(T) 大河解决方案(T) 大切解决方案(T)
2	Select development language as "Visual C++" and the select program type as "MFC application	新建立目 アメ #単本のに見います。 #のののでは、 #のののでは、
3	type". Select "Based on basic box", click "next" or "finish"	● 3000000000000000000000000000000000000
4	Find C++ function library provided by manufacturer. Routine is below (64-bit library)	> 03光盘资料 > 8.PC函数 > 微盘整理函数库备份文件 > 函数库2.1 > windows平台 > 64位库 > C++.zip > dll库文件 名称 修改日期 类型 大小 國 zauxdll.dll 2020/8/11 15:06 应用程序扩展 2,260 KB I
5	Copy all DLL rela	ed library files under the above path to the newly created project.

The c++ project development process in VS is as follows:

6	Add a static	1) Right-	□ 15:3:75% single move (1 个項目) ■ 15: single move ■ 10: single mov	
Ū		, 3	▲ ■	
	library and	click the	P Resource Files 0001 (CHU)	
	related header	header file	▶ 備 Source Ries 型近 50 (除羊目称 ▶ 低 分析能数回 用記法:nd(2015) ▶ ■ 引用 信 新編集点力賞供源智慧時(現)(4) 續 zauxdl.lib 名 石で特徴上量示(C)	
	files to the	first, and	生成初数項(0) ・ 通知00万 ・ 2 解除症(N)_ ChieshiteA 0 2 解死何(乙_ ChieshiteA 石 取存項(の) ShiteAteA	
	project. Static	then select:		
	library:	"Add" \rightarrow		
	zauxdll.lib,	"Existing		
	zmotion.lib	ltem".	l	
	Related header	2) Add static	14】波辺園和用・Merge × 2 ← → - 个 🚺 波翅篇 → work (D) → ZMotion → test → MFC → Merge → Merge → マ δ 2 翌田 Merge* タ	
	files:	libraries and	(品代・新設文件表) 読文時 ポペ 各株 作品 株型 大小 ▲ 副時 ポ 1000 Mergeorogengi 2002(11/6/11.00 VC++ Project 11 K3	
	zauxdll2.h,	related	fash Im Mergencoproj.Riters 2020/11/9 11:00 VC++ Project Rill 2 48 if tet Im Merger/lg.cpp 2020/11/9 11:00 CP 224 3 KB if degree/lg.cpp 2020/11/9 11:00 H 224 1 KB if degree/lg.cpp 2020/11/9 11:00 H 224 1 KB if degree/lg.cpp 2020/11/9 11:00 T 224 1 KB if degree/lg.cpp 2020/11/9 11:00 T 224 1 KB if degree/lg.cpp 2020/11/9 11:00 H 224 1 KB	
	zmotion.h	header files	Olive Resource h 2020/11/9 11:00 H 2/H 1 KB rdf Microsoft Watal If staffscop 2020/11/9 11:00 H 2/H 2 KB Projects If adds.bp 2020/11/9 11:00 H 2/H 2 KB work/Rgt If adds.bp 2020/11/9 11:00 H 2/H 2 KB work/Rgt If angebre h 2020/11/9 11:00 H 2/H 1 KB in work/Rgt If angebre h 2020/11/9 11:00 H 2/H 1 KB	
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		in the pop-up		
		window.	(850A) 8 0A	
7	Declare the	single_move_Dlg.cpp → × 🔁 single_move_	- (全局范围)	
	relevant header	⊟// single_ _//	move_Dlg.cpp : implementation file	
	files and define	<pre>#include "stdafx.h" #include "single_moveh" #include "single_move_Dlg.h" #include "zauxdl12.h" #include</pre>		
	the controller			
	connection			
	handle, so far			
	the project is	e/////////	//////////////////////////////////////	
	newly created.	ZMC_HANDLE		

Chapter VI Operation and Maintain

The correct operation and maintenance of the device can not only guarantee and extend the life cycle of the equipment itself, but also take technical management measures according to the pre-specified plan or the corresponding technical conditions to prevent equipment performance degradation or reduce the probability of equipment failure.

6.1. Regular Inspection and Maintenance

The working environment has an impact on the device. Therefore, it is usually inspected regularly based on the inspection cycle of 6 months to 1 year. The inspection cycle of the device can be appropriately adjusted according to the surrounding environment to make it work within the specified standard environment.

Check item	Check content	Inspection standards
power supply	Check whether the voltage is rated	DC 24V (-5%~5%)
	Whether the ambient temperature is within the specified range (when installed in the cabinet, the temperature inside the cabinet is the ambient temperature)	-10°C - 55°C
surroundings	Whether the ambient humidity is within the specified range (when installed in the cabinet, the humidity in the cabinet is the ambient humidity)	10%-95% non-condensing
	Is there direct sunlight	No
	With or without droplets of water, oil, chemicals, etc.	No
	Whether there is dust, salt, iron filings, dirt	No
	Whether there is corrosive gas	No
	Whether there are flammable and	No

	explosive gases or articles		
	Whether the device is subjected to vibration or shock	Should be within the range of	
		vibration resistance and	
		impact resistance	
		-	
	Is the heat dissipation good	Keep good ventilation and	
	is the heat dissipation good	heat dissipation	
		The mounting screws should	
	Whether the basic unit and the	be tightened without	
	expansion unit are installed firmly	loosening	
	Whether the connecting cables of the		
In a faille fair and		The connection cable cannot be loosened	
Installation and	basic unit and the expansion unit are		
Wiring Status	fully inserted		
	Are the screws of the external wiring	Screws should be tightened	
	loose	without loosening	
	Whether the cable is damaged, aged,	The cable must not have any	
	cracked	abnormal appearance	

6.2. Common Problems & Solutions

Problems	Suggestions	
	3. Check whether the ATYPE of the controller is correct.	
	4. Check whether hardware position limit, software	
	position limit, alarm signal work, and whether axis	
	states are normal.	
	5. Check whether motor is enabled successfully.	
	6. Confirm whether pulse amount UNITS and speed	
Motor does not rotate.	values are suitable. If there is the encoder feedback,	
Motor does not rotate.	check whether MPOS changes.	
	7. Check whether pulse mode and pulse mode of drive	
	are matched.	
	8. Check whether alarm is produced on motion	
	controller station or drive station.	
	9. Check whether the wiring is correct.	
	10. Confirm whether controller sends pulses normally.	

The position limit signal is invalid.1.Check whether the limit sensor is working normally, and whether the "input" view can watch the signal change of the limit sensor.2.Check whether the mapping of the limit switch is correct.3.Check whether the limit sensor is connected to the common terminal of the controller.No signal comes to the input.1.Check whether the limit sensor is working normally, and whether the "input" view can watch the signal change of the limit sensor.2.Check whether the limit sensor is working normally, and whether the "input" view can watch the signal change of the limit sensor.3.Check whether the limit sensor is connected to the correct.3.Check whether the limit sensor is connected to the correct.4.Check whether the limit sensor is connected to the correct.5.Check whether the limit sensor is needed.6.Check whether the power is needed.7.Check whether the power of the power supply is sufficient. At this time, it is best to supply power to the controller alone, and restart the controller after adjustment.7.Check whether the ALM light flickers regularly (hardware problem).RUN led is ON, ALM led is ON.1.7.Check whether the serial port configurations through ?*SETCOM.7.Check whether the serial port configurations through ?*SE			
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			serial driver of the PC is normal.
cannot be connected. whether the 120 ohm resistor is installed at both	CAN expansion module	1.	Check the CAN wiring and power supply circuit,
	cannot be connected.		whether the 120 ohm resistor is installed at both

		ends.
	2.	Check the master-slave configuration,
		communication speed configuration, etc.
	3.	Check the DIP switch to see if there are multiple
		expansion modules with the same ID.
	4.	Use twisted-pair cables, ground the shielding layer,
		and use dual power supplies for severe interference
		(the main power supply of the expansion module and
		the IO power supply are separately powered)
	1.	Check IP address of PC, it needs to be at the same
		segment with controller IP address.
	2.	Check controller IP address, it can be checked and
		captured after connection through serial port.
	3.	When net port led is off, please check wiring.
	4.	Check whether controller power led POWER and
		running indicator led RUN are ON normally.
	5.	Check whether the cable is good quality, change one
		better cable to try again.
Fail to connect controller	6.	Check whether controller IP conflicts with other
to PC through net port.		devices.
to ro through het port.	7.	Check whether controller net port channel ETH are all
		occupied by other devices, disconnect to other
		devices, then try again.
	8.	When there are multiple net cards, don't use other net
		cards, or change one computer to connect again.
	9.	Check PC firewall setting.
	10.	Use "Packet Internet Groper" tool (Ping), check
		whether controller can be Ping, if it can't, please
		check physical interface or net cable.
	11.	Check IP address and MAC address through arp-a.